

Lender Letter (LL-2020-08)

Updated Jul. 15, 2020 Jun. 10, 2020

To: All Fannie Mae Single-Family Servicers

Changes to Servicer Principal and Interest Advance Requirements

In response to the national emergency associated with COVID-19 and at the direction of Federal Housing Finance Agency, we are aligning policies with Freddie Mac to limit servicer obligations to advance scheduled monthly payments to four months for scheduled/scheduled (S/S) remittance type mortgage loans.

Currently, per *Servicing Guide*, <u>A2-1-01</u>, <u>General Servicer Duties and Responsibilities</u> servicers must advance their own funds to cover principal and interest (P&I) due for each delinquent S/S remittance type mortgage loan and must continue to do so until the mortgage loan is removed from our accounting records or the MBS pool. This policy change limits these delinquency advances to four months of missed payments and provides a degree of certainty to servicers.

These policy changes will become effective for Aug. 2020 remittance activity based on Jul. 2020 reporting activity until further notice, and will provide servicers with

- financial relief, thus reducing liquidity risk associated with uncertain delinquent loan volumes;
- minimal disruption to existing investor reporting requirements; and
- new data and reports that offer data transparency and enhance cash position reconciliation.

We are developing a streamlined operational process that maintains our existing investor reporting requirements. The following aspects of our investor reporting processes will not be impacted by these policy changes:

- investor reporting and delinquency reporting requirements, including those pertaining to scheduled/actual (S/A) remittance type mortgage loans;
- delinquency advance requirements pertaining to S/S MBS and portfolio mortgage loans for which the servicer holds foreclosure loss risk;
- the timing of monthly P&I remittances, including the remittance of delinquency advances associated with mortgage loans not eligible for the stop advance process;
- drafting of guaranty fees and excess servicing fees;
- the timing of our reimbursement of delinquency advances; and
- requirements pertaining to curtailments, reinstatements, curtailment reversals, bankruptcy cramdowns, modifications, military indulgences, and post-delivery servicing transfers.

Updates to Lender Letter on Jul. 15, 2020

- Expectations pertaining to the Jul. 2020 loan activity reporting period
- Location of reports where pertinent information related to this process may be found in the month of Aug. 2020
- Location of reports where pertinent information related to this process may be found beginning in the month of Sep. 2020

Eligibility criteria for S/S remittance type mortgage loans

The "Stop Delinquency Advance Process" is our new investor reporting process that discontinues servicer delinquency advances on eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loans after four consecutive missed monthly mortgage payments. The table below outlines the eligibility criteria for S/S remittance type mortgage loans under the Stop Delinquency Advance process.

Loan Remittance Type Foreclosure Loss Risk	S/S MBS Mortgage Loans		S/S Portfolio Mortgage Loans	
	Fannie Mae Foreclosure Loss Risk	Servicer Foreclosure Loss Risk	Fannie Mae Foreclosure Loss Risk	Servicer Foreclosure Loss Risk
Туре	Loans with FCL Risk Codes 1, 4	Loans with FCL Risk Codes 2, 3	Loans with FCL Risk Codes 1, 4	Loans with FCL Risk Codes 2, 3
Stop Delinquency Advance Eligibility	Eligible	Not Eligible*	Eligible	Not Eligible*

Servicers may view Foreclosure Loss Risk data in Loan Servicing Data Utility's Credit Enhancement tab and in the Trial Balance Report (Part C).

Entering the Stop Delinquency Advance Process

In the Loan Reporting Cycle that an eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loan becomes 120 days delinquent, we will place the mortgage loan in a Stop Delinquency Advance status and place a Loan Stop Advance Status Type and a Loan Stop Advance Start Date on the mortgage loan, reflecting the start date of the Stop Delinquency Advance Process. The Loan Stop Advance Start Date is the date from which we will suspend drafting delinquency advances from servicers. It is recorded as the first day of the month following the mortgage loan activity reporting period where a mortgage loan is placed in a Loan Stop Advance status. Fannie Mae will also assign a Loan Stop Advance Period Delinquent Count that reflects the number of P&I delinquency advances made by the servicer on an eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loan prior to entering the Stop Delinquency Advance Process.

One-time transition to the Stop Delinquency Advance Process in Aug. 2020 UPDATED Jul. 15, 2020

When the Stop Delinquency Advance Process becomes effective for the first time in Aug. 2020 (based on Jul. 2020 mortgage loan activity), there may be eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loans that are greater than 120 days delinquent for which servicers have already made more than four delinquency advances. On the last day of the Jul. 2020 Loan Reporting Cycle, we will place all eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loans that are 120 or more days delinquent in a Loan Stop Advance Status Type and reflect Aug. 1, 2020 as the Loan Stop Advance Start Date. The Loan Advance Period Delinquent Count will reflect the number of delinquency advances made by the servicer up until transition and may be greater than "4."

Servicers must make all reasonable efforts to ensure that Loan Activity Reports (LARs) for Jul. activity on eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loans are reported and accepted by our investor reporting system before the end of the Jul. 2020 Loan Reporting Cycle. At transition, after 9 p.m. EST on the last day of the Jul. 2020 Loan Reporting Cycle, our investor reporting system will use the Last Paid Installment (LPI) date reported on the latest accepted Jul. 2020 LAR to determine the months of delinquency for an eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loan. The reported and accepted Jul. 2020 LAR may either reflect that a contractual



payment was received from the borrower ("Contractual Payment LAR") or that no contractual payment was received from the borrower ("No Contractual Payment LAR").

If a Jul. 2020 LAR is not received or accepted by our investor reporting system before the end of the Jul. 2020 Loan Reporting Cycle, the investor reporting system will use the LPI date from the last accepted LAR prior to Jul. 2020 to determine the months of delinquency for an eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loan at transition.

Fannie Mae will not settle-up on mortgage loans greater than four months delinquent as of the implementation date. For these mortgage loans, the Stop Advance Effective Date will be Aug. 1, 2020. We will reimburse previous advances either when the mortgage loan goes through a reclass (S/S Swap only) or in accordance with existing reimbursement policies for workout options (including Payment Deferral), whichever is earlier.

Reporting and remitting for eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loans under the Stop Delinquency Advance Process UPDATED Jul. 15, 2020

Even though an eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loan is in a Loan Stop Advance status, servicers must continue to report mortgage loan activity to us in accordance with *Servicing Guide* <u>C-4.3-01</u>, <u>Servicer Responsibilities Related to Investor Reporting</u>, <u>F-1-22</u>, <u>Reporting a Delinquent Mortgage Loan via Fannie Mae's Servicing Solutions System</u>, and the <u>Investor Reporting Manual</u>.

Servicers must continue to calculate and report the scheduled P&I, the LPI date, and the actual unpaid principal balance (UPB) to us each month. The scheduled P&I reflects the delinquency advance. Every Loan Reporting Cycle that an eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loan is in a Loan Stop Advance status, we will record in our investor reporting system compensating adjustments (Loan Stop Advance Principal Credit and Loan Stop Advance Lender Pass Through Interest Credit) that adjust the delinquency advance to zero. As a result, no monthly delinquency advances will be drafted from servicers under the Stop Delinquency Advance Process.

Adjustments will be reflected at loan-level on the Remittance Detail P&I file and at the nine-digit seller/servicer-level on the MBS P&I Draft Notifications report (SWAP loans) and Cash Remittance System Draft Notifications (S/S Portfolio loans) on the third business day for servicer notification and reconciliation.

Servicers will continue to be drafted guaranty fee and excess servicing fee, as applicable, during the Stop Advance Delinquency Process.

Contractual payments received from borrowers under the Stop Delinquency Advance Process UPDATED Jul. 15, 2020

Servicers must continue to calculate scheduled P&I on an eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loan and report loan activity to us each month. When a servicer collects one or more full contractual payments on an eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loan under the Stop Delinquency Advance Process, the servicer must follow the guidance in the *Investor Reporting Manual* and report a "Contractual Payment LAR" with an updated LPI date that reflects the receipt of the contractual payment(s). If the contractual payment(s) do not bring the eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loan current, we will continue to reflect the mortgage loan in a Loan Stop Advance status and record compensating adjustments (Loan Stop Advance Principal Credit and Loan Stop Advance Lender Pass Through Interest Credit) in the investor reporting system.

In addition, our investor reporting system will determine how many Loan Stop Advance Recovery Period(s) apply to the contractual payment(s) received. The number of Loan Stop Advance Recovery Period(s) is computed as the difference between the LPI date of the previous contractual payment and the LPI date of the current contractual payment. We will draft the scheduled P&I Amounts associated with each Loan Stop Advance Recovery Period, starting from either the Loan Stop Advance Start Date (for the first contractual payment under the Stop Delinquency Advance Process) or from the Loan Stop Advance Adjusted Start Date (for subsequent contractual payments) through the current activity period. We will not draft scheduled P&I Amounts beyond the current activity period under the Stop Advance Delinquency Process.



When a servicer has collected one or more full contractual payments, Fannie Mae will draft these funds and first apply them to recover advances made by us on behalf of the servicer. Once we have recovered all of our advances, the servicer may then retain subsequent contractual payments to recover delinquent P&I advances.

From time to time, a servicer may need to report a LAR that reverses the application of a contractual payment for an eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loan under the Stop Delinquency Advance Process. If a servicer corrects the reported payment activity with an LPI date that makes the eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loan more delinquent:

- Our investor reporting system will update the Loan Stop Advance Start Date to the month following Loan Stop Advance Period Delinquent Count plus the LPI date reported on the corrected payment activity.
- We will record compensating adjustments (Loan Stop Advance Principal Credit and Loan Stop Advance Lender Pass Through Interest Credit) in our investor reporting system.
- Our investor reporting system will determine and reimburse the number of payments starting from the updated Loan Stop Advance Start Date through the prior Loan Stop Advance Start Date.

Exiting the Stop Delinquency Advance Process

In a Loan Reporting Cycle that an eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loan in Stop Advance status becomes current, is paid off, is removed from the MBS trust, transitions to an eligible delinquency workout option, or is foreclosed/acquired in REO, we will remove the Loan Stop Advance Status Type from the mortgage loan and return a Loan Stop Advance Expiration Date to the servicer, signaling the end of the Stop Delinquency Advance Process. The Loan Stop Advance Expiration Date is the last day of the mortgage loan activity period through which we suspend drafting of delinquency advances from servicers. We will resume drafting the contractual P&I advances in the draft that corresponds to the loan activity period that the mortgage loan exited stop advance.

The following table summarizes our actions when a mortgage loan exits the stop delinquency advance process, based on mortgage loan activity.

If	Fannie Mae will	
The mortgage loan becomes current		
The mortgage loan is paid off	remove the Loan Stop Advance Status Type and update the Loan Stop Advance Expiration Date.	
The mortgage loan is repurchased		
The mortgage loan is removed from the MBS Trust (Reclassification)	reimburse the servicer for outstanding delinquency advances and the remittance type of the reclassified loan changes from S/S Swap to Actual/Actual (A/A). Servicers are not obligated to advance P&I on A/A mortgage loans.	
Payment deferrals or other workout options are executed	windu was convised for any outstanding delinguance	
The mortgage loan is liquidated (for example, sold at foreclosure and transferred to REO)	 reimburse servicers for any outstanding delinquency advances. 	

Fannie Mae-Provided Stop Delinquency Advance Reports NEW Jul. 15, 2020

We will provide servicers with monthly reports to aid in the reconciliation of their cash position.

In Aug. 2020, servicers will have access to reconciliation data via the Stop Advance Adjustment Detail August Draft Report that will be located on Fannie Mae Connect[™]. This report will only be available in the month of Aug. 2020.



Beginning in Sep. 2020, servicers will have access to reconciliation data via the Remittance Detail – P&I Report available in Fannie Mae Connect and via B2B, and the Remittance Detail – Cash Adjustments Report, available via B2B. These reports will reflect adjustments at loan-level as well as show other attributes to assist Stop Advance reconciliations.

A detailed list of data elements pertinent to this process, and their respective report location(s), may be found in the Appendix.

Servicers who have questions about this Lender Letter should contact their Fannie Mae Account Team, Portfolio Manager, or Fannie Mae's Master Servicing Department at 1-800-2FANNIE (1-800-232-6643) (Option 1, Option 6). Servicers may also contact Master Servicing with questions at master_servicing@fanniemae.com.

Have Guide questions? Get answers to all your policy questions, straight from the source. Ask Poli.



Appendix

Data Element	Definition	Stop Advance Adjustment Detail	Remittance Detail - Cash Adjustments	Remittance Detail – P&I Report
		August Draft Report Draft Report	Report	(B2B & Fannie Mae Connect)
		(Fannie Mae Connect)		,
		August 2020	September 2	020/Ongoing
Foreclosure Loss Risk Code	A code indicating the entity that is responsible for the property and losses in the event of foreclosure.	Х		x
Loan Stop Advance Adjusted Start Date	A dynamic Loan Stop Advance Start Date that adjusts as a loan's LPI date changes.			Х
Loan Stop Advance Cumulative Pass Through Interest Receivable Amount	The total Fannie Mae outstanding Interest receivable amount during the Stop Delinquency Advance Process.			X
Loan Stop Advance Cumulative Principal and Pass Through Interest Receivable Amount	The total Fannie Mae outstanding principal and lender pass through interest receivable amount during the Stop Delinquency Advance Process.	Х		х
Loan Stop Advance Cumulative Principal Receivable Amount	The total Fannie Mae outstanding principal receivable amount during the Stop Delinquency Advance Process			x
Loan Stop Advance Expiration Date	A dynamic Loan Stop Advance Start Date that adjusts as a loan's LPI date changes.			х
Loan Stop Advance Lender Pass Through Interest Credit	An Interest adjustment amount made by Fannie Mae to indicate recovery of scheduled lender pass through Interest amount on an eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loan under the Stop	Х	Х	





Data Element	Definition	Stop Advance Adjustment Detail August Draft Report Draft Report (Fannie Mae Connect) August 2020	Remittance Detail – Cash Adjustments Report	Remittance Detail – P&I Report (B2B & Fannie Mae Connect) 020/Ongoing
	advances from servicers.	August 2020	September 2	
Loan Stop Advance Status Type	A status indicating that an eligible S/S remittance type mortgage loan is in the Stop Delinquency Advance Process	Х		x
Loan Total Lender Pass Through Interest Delinquency Advance Amount	The total scheduled lender pass through interest amount that a servicer has advanced for delinquent periods.			x
Loan Total Principal Delinquency Advance Amount	The total scheduled principal amount that a servicer has advanced for delinquent periods.			Х